

# SAN JUAN COUNTY STATE OF EARLY LEARNING

**573**

CHILDREN UNDER SIX



**63%**

HAVE ALL PARENTS IN THE WORKFORCE

**24%**

DO NOT HAVE ACCESS TO EARLY LEARNING

**41%**

LIVING IN POVERTY\*

## AFFORDABILITY OF CHILD CARE PERCENT OF INCOME PAID

**45%** OF INCOME PAID TO CHILD CARE BY FAMILIES OF COLOR (MEDIAN INCOME OF **\$60,711**)

COMPARED TO **35%** PAID BY WHITE FAMILIES (MEDIAN INCOME OF **\$78,190**)

A FAMILY OF FOUR WOULD NEED TO MAKE **\$379,643** IN ORDER FOR CHILD CARE TO BE **7% OF THEIR INCOME.**

THE WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE STATES CHILD CARE SHOULD COST NO MORE THAN 7% OF INCOME.

## PRICE BY AGE GROUP

**\$16,644**  
INFANTS: <1 YR

**\$14,556**  
TODDLERS:  
1 - 2 YRS

**\$11,556**  
PRESCHOOLERS:  
3 - 5 YRS

**3 - 5 YRS 91%**

**1 - 2 YRS 44%**

**<1 YR 13%**

PERCENT OF CHILDREN WITH ACCESS TO QUALITY CARE

## COVID IMPACTS

**5** Child care programs temporarily closed

**63%** Estimated capacity loss of 173 slots

**11** CHILD CARE PROGRAMS (**74 JOBS**) RECEIVED A PAYCHECK PROTECTION LOAN.

## CHILD CARE PROGRAMS AS SMALL BUSINESS

### ECONOMIC IMPACT

**\$24,000**

COST OF QUALITY CHILD CARE

**\$9,988**

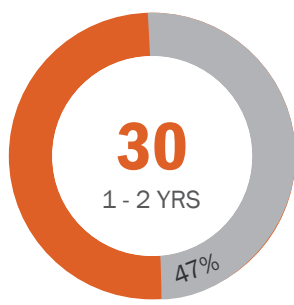
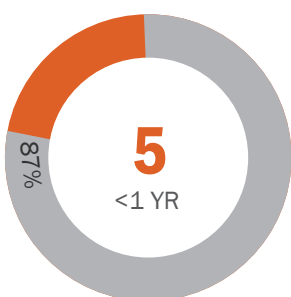
MAX SUBSIDY ALLOWED FOR AT HOME CHILD CARE

**75%**

CHARGE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO \$14,039

## CAPACITY OF LICENSED CHILD CARE

Capacity does not meet the demand.



● CAPACITY ● DEMAND

## TO MEET GROWING WORKFORCE

**7**

CHILD CARE EDUCATORS NEEDED

\*We define children in poverty as those in households at 200 percent of the federal poverty line, which is \$52,400